## COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED COMPARATIVE 2018 INFORMATION

## COUNTY OF CATTAURAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS FOR 2019**

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Corey Wiktor, Executive Director
Sandy Andrews, Executive Assistant

#### COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED COMPARATIVE 2018 INFORMATION

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Certified Public Accountants & Consultants

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency Ellicottville, New York 14731

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency, a component unit of Cattaraugus County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency, as of December 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Agency's 2018 financial statements, and our report dated March 13, 2019, expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2018, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Agency Contributions on pages 4-11 and 28-29 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency's basic financial statements. The supplemental information schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 13, 2020, on our consideration of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

JOHNSON, MACKOWIAK & ASSOCIATES, LLP

Fredonia, New York March 13, 2020

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH COMPARATIVE 2018 INFORMATION

As management of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency, a component unit of Cattaraugus County, we offer readers of the Agency's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Agency for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Agency's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,189,914 for the fiscal year reported. This compares to the previous year when assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1,333,263.

Total net position comprises the following:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets of \$248,439 includes property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation.
- 2. Unrestricted net position of \$941,475 represents the portion available to maintain the Agency's continuing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Agency revenue for the year ended 2019 totaled \$159,948 of which \$145,221 was from charges for services provided by the Agency and \$14,727 was earned from investments

In 2019, the Agency induced nine direct projects for a net investment of just over \$18,888,000 in total private sector project costs.

In 2019, the Agency reported a gross revenue decrease from previous years and a decrease in net position due to various project closings being delayed for reasons beyond the Agency's control. The Agency looks to close on 3 of these projects within the first quarter of 2020. The Agency has roughly \$30,000,000 of approved projects that are ready to close when the project applicants are ready to do so.

Since January 1, 2012 the County of Cattaraugus IDA & Cattaraugus County Capital Resource Corporation have conducted 69 Board Meetings, which in turn has induced 80 "direct" projects. In addition, the CCIDA/CCCRC have acted as an Advisor on 17 additional projects within Cattaraugus County.

In late 2009, with the help of the Cattaraugus County Legislature, the Agency formed the Capital Resource Corporation (CRC) to assist 501 (c) (3) entities within Cattaraugus County. The CCCRC recently (2018) had a bond reissuance with Jamestown Community College to allow the College to take advantage of cheaper interest rates. The Agency could potentially see further activity with the CCCRC in 2020.

For the year ended December 31, 2019, the Agency's expenses totaled \$303,297. This includes the administrative expense of the CRC. The Agency's largest expense was for personal services and related employee benefits, which accounted for 66.6 percent of all expenses. Contractual expenses, such as rent, utilities, and professional services accounted for 33.0 percent of the Agency's total expenses. The Agency also reported depreciation of \$1,092.

2019 proved to be another busy, exciting and somewhat challenging year for the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency (CCIDA). Over the past several years, we have continued to implement and change our business operations in how the CCIDA can not only promote & assist economic development expansion projects, but have looked for ways to value retention projects as well, throughout the County, as evidenced with a few key projects in 2019.

As with everything, we are faced with many challenges. With the ever-changing economy along with more and more companies having a global footprint (i.e. purchases/acquisitions of existing Companies, tighter budgets, etc.) pose some obstacles for us. There is no "silver bullet" when it comes to economic

development, rather lines of communications and processes will always have to be identified, refined and implemented to the best of our ability.

The CCIDA continues to make great effort and strides to transform itself in a very positive way to our business community. We have supported projects to further assist small Manufacturing related projects (i.e. House of Steel & Lumber Jakes in Ashford, N.Y.) and once again proved the merit of establishing our Adaptive Reuse Program, via the support of the ongoing redevelopment of the Sunny Olean, LLC. The Agency's Tourism Policy also came into play in regards to development projects in Ellicottville, relating to several key upgrades at Holiday Valley and HoliMont. In addition, the IDA continued to stay busy with the installation of a commercial solar farm in Portville, with the Portville Solar 1, LLC Project.

In 2020 we will continue to modify, change and implement programs and policies to help keep the businesses that are located here more competitive in this global market that we live and operate in. We will continue to work hard, as a County wide "Team" approach.

It is to be noted that what is outlined below could not and would not have been possible without the direction, guidance and most of all the support, from the CCIDA Board Members, Staff & our Counsel. Many thanks as well to the members of the County of Cattaraugus Legislature for their input, thoughts and support, as its been invaluable.

Many thanks also go to the members of the *Cattaraugus County Economic Development Team*, their assistance and help is greatly appreciated.

#### 2019 CCIDA INDUCED PROJECTS (Private Sector Investment in Cattaraugus County):

(1.)	Portville Solar 1, LLC:	\$8,600,000
(2.)	Win-Sum Ski Resort (Holiday Valley):	\$2,715,000
(3.)	Sunny Olean, LLC.	\$800,000
(4.)	HoliMont	\$948,000
(5.)	House of Steel	\$100,000
(6.)	Olean Manor	\$4,500,000
(7.)	Four Mile Brewing	\$850,000
(8.)	Lumber Jake's	\$75,000
(9.)	Yippity Skippity Realty, LLC.	\$300,000

#### \*Total CCIDA Inducements/Project Amounts:

\$18,888,000

Newly Created Policies/Procedures & Economic Development Initiatives to further assist Economic Growth throughout Cattaraugus County:

- ▶ Updated and Enhanced the PILOT for Adaptative Reuse: In 2012, the CCIDA established its Adaptive Reuse Policy to allow benefits to be attached to redevelopment properties (existing) within Cattaraugus County. This policy has equated to \$12 million dollars of reinvestment since its inception. This past year, we enhanced and updated the PILOT portion and terms, to keep in line the rising costs of redevelopment versus new build. We have induced two (2) adaptive reuse projects in 2019, with a couple of large ones on the horizon.
- The NorthStar Companies: Over the past year, the IDA began working with The NorthStar Companies on helping and assisting them to set up a new location in Olean. This is a debt collection company head-quartered in Buffalo. The company also has locations in Ontario and Florida. We are happy to report they have begun operations in Olean, and are currently looking for phase II office space for future growth.
- Young Entrepreneurs Academy: Started in 2017 by Southern Tier West the Young Entrepreneurs Academy (YEA!) YEA! is a groundbreaking and exciting program that transforms local middle and high

school students into real, confident entrepreneurs. Through the year-long program, students in grades 6-12 generate business ideas, conduct market research, write business plans, pitch to a panel of investors, and launch their very own companies.

To be a leader in establishing innovative, experiential entrepreneurship programs for middle and high school students, delivering these programs through colleges and universities, and in high schools and middle schools throughout the country, in close cooperation with local community and business leaders and their organizations. To partner with like-minded organizations to effectively deliver entrepreneurship education to young people across the nation.

- The IDA Board has supported this endeavor from its inception. The IDA has a seat at the table
  if you will, in judging and picking the winners of this scholarship business proposal endeavor.
  Year 3 of YEA! kicked off in the Fall of 2019, and once again the IDA will be a participant and
  supporter of this entrepreneurial business program.
- ➤ Board Member of the CanAm Council: The CanAm Council is comprised of representatives from member companies engaged in cross border commerce and oversees an agenda focused on binational relationship-building, joint planning, border advocacy and business-to-business interaction.
- ➤ Continued "Project in Process" Update to Board Meetings: Started in mid-2016, the Agency will continue to implement a "Project In Process Update" at each Board meeting to keep the Board and public apprised of how a recent IDA induced project is fairing with its development and investment. Projects will continue to be charted, tracked and monitored.
  - Also, in 2019, we brought more "industry" guests to our meetings to update and present to the Board, such as STW, Dream It. Do It, NYSDOL, etc.
- SNAP Lease (Small Manufacturer's): Since approving of this program in 2018, the IDA continued to improve ways in which we can offer savings to small manufacturers within the County. In 2019, we assisted two (2) more small manufacturing companies on sales tax abatement on purchases for their small business. This allows a nice savings at a very minimal cost associated to this program. We continue to market this to all small manufacturers within the County.
- Cattaraugus Capital Resource Corporation (CCCRC): The IDA's sister agency, the CRC continued to meet with perspective Not-For-Profits within the County to gauge their interest and or need on the aspect of tax-exempt bond financing. We have two (2) possible issuances of tax-exempt bonds possible in 2020.
- Continued outreach and informational presentations to Municipalities: Over the past year, the IDA continued to meet with various impacted taxing jurisdictions to review and discuss the IDA's benefits and programs; more specifically how PILOT's "work" and what they truly are. This will be continued in 2020. In fact, the Executive Director's first presentation in 2020 will be to the Village of Portville. The executive director feels this is a very necessary topic for the IDA to be proactive in educating the impacted taxing jurisdictions about the IDA and its programs, and how it affects each impacted taxing jurisdiction when the IDA is party to a project.

Carrying our mission and message will continue to be a paramount endeavor. Whether it's presentations, Letters to The Editor, Public Hearings, etc. In addition, over the past year the executive director has presented the Agency's message about our benefits at meetings put on by the *Buffalo Niagara Partnership, the IBN, NYSEDC & NYSCAR*, to name a few. In 2020, he looks to expand this and get more involved in County wide/Regional conferences, as stated above.

Advisory Role: The IDA has been consulted on a project in the City of Salamanca, with a local manufacturer located within their City. We offered and helped structure a PILOT to allow the manufacturer to expand and construct a new warehouse for their needs. In addition, our IDA was asked to present on a state level with regards to our past dealings with commercial solar installations, and

how we structured the deal. Also, we will continue to set up informational seminars regarding "hot" topics such as solar farms in 2020. The executive director looks to do more advisory seminars in 2020 to better inform our impacted taxing jurisdictions alike.

- NYSCAR: New York State Commercial Association of Realtors. In 2019, Mr. Wiktor continued to attend the monthly Board meetings, various functions and in Sept. of this year, was asked to present to over 70 Real estate professionals for 45 minutes on various available parcels of land and buildings that are currently available in Cattaraugus County. This is a great group to network and keep active in, as many of the top developers, commercial realtors, and bankers are members in this group.
- Continued Business Outreach & Marketing Campaigns: Working with our Partners at Invest Buffalo Niagara, Buffalo Niagara Partnership, Empire State Development, various Commercial Realtors/Real Estate Developers(NYSCAR), NYSEDC along with Mr. Greg Sehr (Upstate Consultants, LLC), we are always looking for ways to increase our "business attraction hit rate"; to facilitate and help businesses to locate to Cattaraugus County.
  - The IDA Staff and Board are currently working on a new website that will focus on and highlight the available sites, buildings and incentives that are available. A contract has been signed with iEvolve Technology Services to create a new website and domain name.
  - > The IDA Staff and Board will also be starting a social media platform (Facebook) that will focus on "Cattaraugus County ExPats", who have moved away, in hopes of luring some people back to the County. We will keep this active and will continually update daily/weekly on various highlights, pictures, news stories, etc.
  - Commercial Sites and land: Working with Cushman and Wakefield to do a complete available site and land directory for the County. Hard copy and e-version to be created. (Work has begun on this already).
  - ➤ Billboards: We have reached out to major Billboard Companies to begin to receive pricing quotes on having a billboard that highlights Cattaraugus County, in high traffic areas to help promote the advantages and incentives of bringing business to the County.
  - > Mr. Wiktor attended many business networking events and engagements in the WNY Region, focused on economic development.
  - > We are looking to put on a networking event and meeting with various businesses to highlight the many benefits of opening up a business within the County.
  - Worked on and conducted many "Business Tours" in Cattaraugus County in 2019, which include local developers, media outlets, site selectors, etc. We already are planning a Spring 2020 tour event, with a bus, lunch and various tours.
  - > We have sent in 11 "IBN Site Requests" over the past year to possible outside businesses looking to locate in WNY, trying to lure the perspective business here to Cattaraugus County.
- The CCIDA continued as a Board Member with Invest Buffalo Niagara (IBN): Founded in 1999, Invest Buffalo Niagara represents the eight counties of Western New York. They are the region's nonprofit, privately funded economic development organization focused on job creation. Their mission is to attract new employers to the Buffalo Niagara region through outreach to growing companies around the world to support business attraction, expansion and entrepreneurship. Invest Buffalo Niagara collaborates with local businesses, universities, nonprofit organizations and elected officials to deliver a unified response to regional economic development opportunities.

In September of 2019, the IDA and members of IBN took part in a 2-day event, hosting, showing and discussing area properties and sites. We had five (5) site selectors who work nationally with a number of large companies. This was an excellent event. Follow-up calls and emails have been made. We look to do more of this in 2020.

Commercial Solar Installations-PILOT Since 2017, the CCIDA has been involved in five (5) solar farm installations within Cattaraugus County, with a net value of roughly \$42,000,000. In addition to these past projects and investments, the IDA is currently working on an additional four (4) projects that look to come to fruition in 2020 and 2021.

We have put forth a lot of effort and research on ways to balance investment and a return to the impacted taxing jurisdictions via the issuance of a PILOT. In addition, we have been asked by several IDA's on the set up and basis for our PILOT's. The executive director has presented to a state conference on commercial solar installations and PILOT's

Continued IDA "Outreach" within County/Region: Over the past few years, Mr. Wiktor has continued to "spread our message" regarding the various programs and benefits that the IDA has regarding economic development projects. He most recently presented to a group of County wide Assessors regarding CCIDA issued PILOT's, in a role of educating on how IDA issued PILOT's work and function. Carrying our mission and message will continue to be a paramount endeavor. Whether it's presentations, Letters to The Editor, Public Hearings, etc.,

In addition, over the past year Mr. Wiktor has presented the Agency's message about our benefits at meetings put on by the *Buffalo Niagara Partnership, IBN, NYSEDC & NYSCAR*, to name a few. In fact, in 2020, he looks to expand this and get more involved in County wide/Regional conferences.

- Since 2013 the County of Cattaraugus IDA has helped and assisted with the following employment numbers: (\*as reported at the time of the Annual Audit & PARIS Reports by Company).
  - o 627- New Jobs Created
  - o 3,997- Jobs Retained

\* The Unemployment rate in Cattaraugus County continues to drop roughly 4% over the past few years: Rates: 8.5% in 2012 to 7.7% in 2013 to 6.1% in 2014 to 5.8%in 2015, 5.6% in Oct. of 2016 and most recently 4.4% as of Nov. 2019).

#### Further Economic Development Enhancements-Strategies for the CCIDA:

- Workforce Development Initiatives: The IDA will continue to work with our continuing education partners (i.e. BOCES, WIB, JCC, SBU, etc.) to continue to connect the private sector and academia to improve our workforce numbers within the County. This effort can also be collaborated with the Northland Training Center in Buffalo, along with JCC's Manufacturing Tech Center.
- <u>CCIDA –Buffalo Niagara Partnership "Canada-US Outreach"</u>: With recent market growth of Canadian companies moving into Western New York to have an American presence, the executive director has already begun discussions with BNP in how we can capture some of this economic development boom and bring some of it to Cattaraugus County. We already have a captive audience due to the many Canadian visitors who visit Cattaraugus County and the ski resorts. We will be dedicating significant resources and time to this endeavor in trying to lure and attract, new companies, new investments and new jobs to the County. Plans and events will be on the docket for 2020.
- Brokerage several times and has worked on several rough drafts of a new marketing document that we are looking to put out. Essentially, we are going to create a comprehensive and updated economic development guide that focuses and highlights the available key parcels in the County, demographics, existing workforce, core markets, investment benefits, infrastructure, etc. complete with updated

photos, contact information, etc.

• Continue to refine and maximize our operations thus reducing expenses: To look at ways to effectively minimize our expenses, without hampering the service level of our Operations. Look for ways to reduce waste, postage expenses, copy costs, etc. Continue to look at ways to maximize technology e-mail, etc.

### <u>Collaboration with the other Economic Development Departments-Teammates within</u> Cattaraugus County:

- (1.) Over the past 8 years, a newly formed group called "Cattaraugus County Economic Development Team" was formed. This group is comprised with the CCBDC, Southern Tier West, Cattaraugus County, City of Olean-Community Development, Cattaraugus LDC, Cattaraugus County PTAC, WIB, CCIDA, NYSDOL, etc.
- (2.) We meet every other Monday to discuss various projects, ideas, and ways of assisting each other for the overall betterment of Cattaraugus County. The IDA is fortunate to be a member of this group.
- (3.) Our "Team" website has also been upgraded and enhanced for business clients to go to, to act as a "virtual one stop" to help and assist their business needs here in Cattaraugus County. The website's address is as follows: <a href="http://www.ccbizhelp.com/">http://www.ccbizhelp.com/</a>
- (4.) Creation of "E-Mail Blast" to each Member of the Team when a Client Fills out Need/Request Form on our website: E-Mail notification gets sent out to each Team Member to notify us that a perspective business client is requesting information/help/guidance, etc. We use as an "Internal Listserv" to keep all in the loop and communication going.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The management's discussion and analysis introduces the Agency's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements include the governmentwide financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. The Agency also includes additional information to supplement the basic financial statements.

#### **Governmentwide Financial Statements**

The Agency's annual report includes two governmentwide financial statements. These statements provide both long-term and short-term information about the Agency's overall status. Financial reporting at this level uses a perspective similar to that found in the private sector with its basis in full accrual accounting and elimination or reclassification of internal activities.

The first of these governmentwide statements is the statement of net position. This is the governmentwide statement of position presenting information that includes all of the Agency's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Agency as a whole is improving or deteriorating. In addition to the information provided in this report, an evaluation of the overall economic health of the Agency would extend to other nonfinancial factors, such as the overall economic climate in Cattaraugus County.

The second governmentwide statement is the statement of activities, which reports how the Agency's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All current year revenues and expenses are included regardless of when cash is received or paid. An important purpose of the design of the statement of activities is to show the financial reliance of the Agency's distinct activities or functions on revenue earned by the Agency. Both of the governmentwide financial statements detail the Agency's business-type activities that are principally supported by application fees.

A fund is an accountability unit used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Agency, like other state and local governmental units, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The Agency has only one type of fund, a proprietary fund. This fund generally reports services for which the Agency charges a fee.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The accompanying notes to the financial statements provide information essential to a full understanding of the governmentwide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements are located directly after the basic financial statements.

#### Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information concerning the Agency. Supplemental information follows the notes to the financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AGENCY AS A WHOLE

As of December 31, 2019, the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency had a net position of \$1,189,914. The following table provides a summary of the Agency's net position as of the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018.

	Business-Type Activities					
Assets	2019	2018	Variance			
Current and Restricted Assets	\$ 978,812	1,120,246	(141,434)			
Capital Assets	248,439	249,531	(1,092)			
Total Assets	1,227,251	1,369,777	(142,526)			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	44,166	78,202	(34,036)			
Liabilities						
Current Liabilities	3,904	5,219	(1,315)			
Long-Term Liabilities	48,470	22,774	25,696			
Total Liabilities	52,374	27,993	24,381			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	29,129	86,723	(57,594)			
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	248,439	249,531	(1,092)			
Unrestricted	941,475	1,083,732	(142,257)			
Total Net Position	\$ 1,189,914	1,333,263	(143,349)			

The Agency's total assets and deferred outflows of resources decreased \$176,562 from \$1,447,979 at December 31, 2019. The Agency's net investment in capital assets decreased \$1,092 over the prior year.

Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$33,213 from \$114,716 at December 31, 2019.

The following table provides a summary of the Agency's changes in net position for the years ended 2019 and 2018.

	Business-Type Activities							
		2019	% of Totals	2018	% of Totals			
Revenues			A STATE OF THE STA					
Charges for Services	\$	139,317	87.1%	457,695	95.2%			
Other Income		5,904	3.7%	12,178	2.5%			
Investment Earnings		14,727	9.2%	10,935	2.3%			
Total Revenue	\$	159,948	100.0%	480,808	100.0%			
		2019	% of Totals	2018	% of Totals			
Expenses								
Personal Services	\$	148,003	48.8%	143,813	43.1%			
Contractual Expenses		100,103	33.0%	131,373	39.4%			
Employee Benefits		54,099	17.8%	56,981	17.1%			
Depreciation Expense		1,092	0.4%	1,240	0.4%			
Total Expense		303,297	100.0%	333,407	100.0%			
Change in Net Position	\$	(143,349)		147,401	-			

The Agency's total net position decreased \$143,349. The following summarizes results of operations for 2019:

Operating revenue for the year ended December 31, 2019, was \$145,221 which consisted of \$139,317 from Charges for Services, and \$5,904 from miscellaneous activity.

Net nonoperating revenue was \$14,727 which consisted of \$13,981 in bank interest, \$651 in unrealized gain and \$95 in realized gain on investments.

Operating expenses for the year ended December 31, 2019, were \$303,297. There were no nonoperating expenses incurred for the year ended.

There was a transfer made of \$40,000 from the CRC to the CCIDA for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

The Agency's net investment in capital assets as of December 31, 2019, totaled \$248,439. This net investment in capital assets includes land, railroad and leasehold improvements, and equipment. The following table summarizes the change in the Agency's net investment in capital assets from to .

2019	2018	Difference
\$ 149,299	149,299	-
929,373	929,373	-
38,424	38,424	-
(868,657)	(867,565)	(1,092)
\$ 248,439	249,531	(1,092)
	\$ 149,299 929,373 38,424 (868,657)	\$ 149,299 149,299 929,373 929,373 38,424 38,424 (868,657) (867,565)

#### Long-Term Liabilities

The Agency had net pension liability outstanding of \$48,470 and \$22,774 at December 31, 2019 and 2018.

#### **BACKGROUND AND MISSION**

The County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency is a public benefit corporation created in 1971 to retain, promote, and assist private sector industrial and business development, thereby advancing job opportunities and economic welfare to the people of Cattaraugus County. The Agency is a self-funded entity.

The Agency serves as a partner with the other various economic development agencies within the County, for retaining and assisting not only those businesses that are already located in Cattaraugus County, but those that want to relocate here as well. Assistance is available for locating potential buildings or building sites for interested companies. Over the past three decades the Agency has assisted over 235 companies with over \$1.49 billion in total projects. The Agency has assisted many nonprofit entities as well, including Olean General Hospital, Saint Bonaventure University, and the YMCA; each of which has added to the overall quality of life in Cattaraugus County. The Agency has also assisted companies such as Mazza Mechanical Services, National Fuel Pipeline, Olean Gateway, LLC and MJ Painting Contractor Corp. The Agency has also been very instrumental in the growth of the county's tourism industry by assisting in the financing of tourism destinations such as Holiday Valley, HoliMont and the Good Times of Olean.

The Agency helps companies take advantage of industrial revenue bonding by obtaining low-cost financing for eligible projects. Other benefits provided by the Agency include the abatement of an assortment of taxes to assist businesses as well as a variety of services to assist with the creation and retention of employment opportunities. The Agency has authorization over financing options and provides technical assistance to developers, industries, and other economic development organizations.

The mission of the Agency is to retain, promote, attract, and develop job and business opportunities; and to foster economically sound commerce and industry in the cities, towns, and villages, of Cattaraugus County. It strives to assist and promote growing industry in the County by helping businesses to be competitive and profitable by offering:

- Financial assistance, business incentives, tax exemptions, and bond financing
- Improved utilization and development of local infrastructure
  - Creation of investment, employment, and wealth, in the community
- Recruitment of new businesses

The Agency also assists qualified applicants in the implementation of a wide variety of projects, including but not limited to the following; manufacturing, industrial, warehousing, research, commercial, pollution control, recreation, tourism destination, education, cultural, railroad, continuing care, retirement, and certain nonprofit facilities.

For more information regarding the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency, please visit its website at www.cattcoida.com.

#### CONTACTING THE AGENCY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Agency's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Executive Director (Corey R. Wiktor) of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency, 9 East Washington Street, P.O. Box 1749, Ellicottville, New York 14731.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED COMPARATIVE 2018 INFORMATION

		IDA		CRC		TOTAL 2/31/2019		TOTAL 2/31/2018
ASSETS								
Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	22,981	\$	169,799	\$	192,780	\$	363,748
Unrestricted Investments	•	720,919	·	, _	·	720,919	·	743,286
Accounts Receivable		57,763		_		57,763		1,512
Prepaid Expenses		7,350		-		7,350		11,700
Capital Assets								
Land		149,299		-		149,299		149,299
Improvements		929,373		_		929,373		929,373
Furniture and Equipment		38,424		-		38,424		38,424
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(868,657)				(868,657)		(867,565)
Total Assets		1,057,452		169,799	***	1,227,251		1,369,777
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension		44,166		544		44,166		78,202
LIABILITIES Payables Accounts Payable		<u>-</u>				<u>-</u>		-
Accrued Liabilities		3,904		-		3,904		5,219
Long Term Liabilities		,						
Net Pension Liability	,	48,470				48,470		22,774
Total Liabilities		52,374		-		52,374		27,993
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Pension		29,129				29,129		86,723
NET POSITION								
Net Investment In Capital Assets		248,439				248,439		249,531
Unrestricted		771,676		169,799		941,475		1,083,732
Total Net Position	\$	1,020,115	\$	169,799	\$	1,189,914	\$	1,333,263

## COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED COMPARATIVE 2018 INFORMATION

Operating Revenues           Charges for Services         \$ 139,317         \$ 139,317         \$ 457,694           Other Income         5,904         - 5,904         12,178           Total Operating Revenue         145,221         - 145,221         469,873           Operating Expenses           Personal Services         148,003         - 148,003         143,813           Contractual Expenses         95,073         5,030         100,103         131,373           Employee Benefits         54,099         - 54,099         56,981           Interest Expenses         5,030         1,092         1,240           Total Operating Expense         298,267         5,030         303,297         333,407           Operating Income (Loss)         (153,046)         (5,030)         (158,076)         136,466           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         651         - 651         - 95         - 95           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)         95         - 95         - 95         - 10,935           Other Finan			IDA		CRC	TOTAL 2/31/2019		TOTAL 2/31/2018
Charges for Services Other Income         \$ 139,317         \$ 139,317         \$ 457,695           Other Income         5,904         -         5,904         12,178           Total Operating Revenue         145,221         -         145,221         469,873           Operating Expenses           Personal Services         148,003         -         148,003         143,813           Contractual Expenses         95,073         5,030         100,103         131,373           Employee Benefits         54,099         -         54,099         56,981           Interest Expense         -         -         1,092         -         1,092         1,240           Depreciation-Unallocated         1,092         -         1,092         1,240 <t< th=""><th>Operating Revenues</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>	Operating Revenues							
Operating Expenses         145,221         -         145,221         469,873           Personal Services         148,003         -         148,003         143,813           Contractual Expenses         95,073         5,030         100,103         131,373           Employee Benefits         54,099         -         54,099         56,981           Interest Expense         -         -         -         -           Depreciation-Unallocated         1,092         -         1,092         1,240           Total Operating Expense         298,267         5,030         303,297         333,407           Operating Income (Loss)         (153,046)         (5,030)         (158,076)         136,466           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         - </td <td>•</td> <td>\$</td> <td>139,317</td> <td>\$</td> <td>-</td> <td>\$ 139,317</td> <td>\$</td> <td>457,695</td>	•	\$	139,317	\$	-	\$ 139,317	\$	457,695
Operating Expenses           Personal Services         148,003         - 148,003         143,813           Contractual Expenses         95,073         5,030         100,103         131,373           Employee Benefits         54,099         - 54,099         56,981           Interest Expense	Other Income		5,904					12,178
Personal Services         148,003         -         148,003         143,813           Contractual Expenses         95,073         5,030         100,103         131,373           Employee Benefits         54,099         -         54,099         56,981           Interest Expense         -         -         -         -           Depreciation-Unallocated         1,092         -         1,092         1,240           Total Operating Expense         298,267         5,030         303,297         333,407           Operating Income (Loss)         (153,046)         (5,030)         (158,076)         136,466           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         - <t< td=""><td>Total Operating Revenue</td><td><b>P</b></td><td>145,221</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td> 145,221</td><td></td><td>469,873</td></t<>	Total Operating Revenue	<b>P</b>	145,221	-	-	 145,221		469,873
Contractual Expenses         95,073         5,030         100,103         131,373           Employee Benefits         54,099         -         54,099         56,981           Interest Expense         -         -         -         -           Depreciation-Unallocated         1,092         -         1,092         1,240           Total Operating Expense         298,267         5,030         303,297         333,407           Operating Income (Loss)         (153,046)         (5,030)         (158,076)         136,466           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -<	Operating Expenses							
Employee Benefits Interest Expense         54,099         -         54,099         56,981           Interest Expense         -         -         -         -           Depreciation-Unallocated         1,092         -         1,092         1,240           Total Operating Expense         298,267         5,030         303,297         333,407           Operating Income (Loss)         (153,046)         (5,030)         (158,076)         136,466           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         651         -         651         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         -           Total Other Financing         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Total Other Financing         40,000         (40,000)         -         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349) <td>Personal Services</td> <td>•</td> <td>148,003</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>148,003</td> <td></td> <td>143,813</td>	Personal Services	•	148,003		-	148,003		143,813
Interest Expense	Contractual Expenses		95,073		5,030	100,103		131,373
Depreciation-Unallocated Total Operating Expense         1,092 298,267         1,092 303,297         1,240           Operating Income (Loss)         (153,046)         (5,030)         (158,076)         136,466           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         651         -         651         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349)         147,401           Net Position - Beginning of the Year         1,119,071         214,192         1,333,263         1,185,862	Employee Benefits		54,099		_	54,099		56,981
Total Operating Expense         298,267         5,030         303,297         333,407           Operating Income (Loss)         (153,046)         (5,030)         (158,076)         136,466           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         651         -         651         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer Out         -         (40,000)         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349)         147,401           Net Position - Beginning of the Year         1,119,071         214,192         1,333,263         1,185,862			-		_	-		-
Operating Income (Loss)         (153,046)         (5,030)         (158,076)         136,466           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         651         -         651         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349)         147,401           Net Position - Beginning of the Year         1,119,071         214,192         1,333,263         1,185,862					_			
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         651         -         651         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         -           Transfer Out         -         (40,000)         (40,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349)         147,401           Net Position - Beginning of the Year         1,119,071         214,192         1,333,263         1,185,862	Total Operating Expense		298,267		5,030	 303,297		333,407
Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         651         -         651         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349)         147,401           Net Position - Beginning of the Year         1,119,071         214,192         1,333,263         1,185,862	Operating Income (Loss)		(153,046)	<del></del>	(5,030)	(158,076)	<u></u>	136,466
Use of Money and Property         13,344         637         13,981         10,935           Unrealized Gain (loss)         651         -         651         -           Realized Gain (loss)         95         -         95         -           Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349)         147,401           Net Position - Beginning of the Year         1,119,071         214,192         1,333,263         1,185,862	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)							
Unrealized Gain (loss)       651       -       651       -         Realized Gain (loss)       95       -       95       -         Net Nonoperating Revenue       14,090       637       14,727       10,935         Other Financing Sources (uses)         Transfer In       40,000       -       40,000       -         Total Other Financing Sources (uses)       -       (40,000)       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (uses)       40,000       (40,000)       -       -         Change in Net Position       (98,956)       (44,393)       (143,349)       147,401         Net Position - Beginning of the Year       1,119,071       214,192       1,333,263       1,185,862	• •		13.344		637	13.981		10,935
Realized Gain (loss)       95       -       95       -         Net Nonoperating Revenue       14,090       637       14,727       10,935         Other Financing Sources (uses)         Transfer In       40,000       -       40,000       -         Total Other Financing Sources (uses)       -       (40,000)       -       -         Total Other Financing Sources (uses)       40,000       (40,000)       -       -         Change in Net Position       (98,956)       (44,393)       (143,349)       147,401         Net Position - Beginning of the Year       1,119,071       214,192       1,333,263       1,185,862			•			•		· -
Net Nonoperating Revenue         14,090         637         14,727         10,935           Other Financing Sources (uses)           Transfer In         40,000         -         40,000         -           Transfer Out         -         (40,000)         (40,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349)         147,401           Net Position - Beginning of the Year         1,119,071         214,192         1,333,263         1,185,862			95		_	95		-
Transfer In Transfer In Transfer Out       40,000       - 40,000       - 40,000       - 40,000	, ,		14,090		637	14,727		10,935
Transfer In Transfer In Transfer Out       40,000       - 40,000       - 40,000       - 40,000	Other Financing Sources (1999)							
Transfer Out         -         (40,000)         (40,000)         -           Total Other Financing Sources (uses)         40,000         (40,000)         -         -           Change in Net Position         (98,956)         (44,393)         (143,349)         147,401           Net Position - Beginning of the Year         1,119,071         214,192         1,333,263         1,185,862			40.000		_	40 000		_
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)       40,000       (40,000)       -       -       -         Change in Net Position       (98,956)       (44,393)       (143,349)       147,401         Net Position - Beginning of the Year       1,119,071       214,192       1,333,263       1,185,862			40,000		(40,000)	•		_
Sources (uses)       40,000       (40,000)       -       -         Change in Net Position       (98,956)       (44,393)       (143,349)       147,401         Net Position - Beginning of the Year       1,119,071       214,192       1,333,263       1,185,862				-	(40,000)	 (10,000)		
Net Position - Beginning of the Year 1,119,071 214,192 1,333,263 1,185,862	<u> </u>		40,000		(40,000)	 		-
	Change in Net Position		(98,956)		(44,393)	(143,349)		147,401
	Net Position - Beginning of the Year		1,119,071		214,192	1,333,263		1,185,862
		\$		\$	169,799	\$ 1,189,914	\$	1,333,263

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

## COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Bus	ry Government iness-Type .ctivities	<b></b>	CRC
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Cash Received From Providing Services	\$	83,064	\$	-
Cash Paid to Suppliers	•	(90,723)	•	(5,030)
Cash Paid for Salaries and Benefits		(201,278)		_
Other Cash Receipts		5,904		, <b>-</b>
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities		(203,033)		(5,030)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:	•	•		
Transfer In		40,000		-
Transfer Out		-		(40,000)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Capital and Related Financing Activities:		40,000		(40,000)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:		•		•
Proceeds From Maturing Certificates of Deposit		36,356		-
Investment Income		102		637
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		36,458		637
Net Cash and Cash Equivalents Increase (Decrease) for the Year		(126,575)		(44,393)
Cash and Cash Equivalents- Beginning of the Year		149,556_		214,192
Cash and Cash Equivalents- End of the Year	\$	22,981	\$	169,799
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(153,046)	\$	(5,030)
Adjustments:				
Depreciation		1,092		-
Deferred Outflow of Resources		34,036		· -
Deferred Inflow of Resources		(57,594)		-
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:				•
Decrease in Prepaid Rent		4,350		
Increase in Pension Liability		25,696		
Increase in Accounts Receivable		(56,253)		
Decrease in Accrued Liabilities		(1,314)		-
Net Cash Provided By (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	(203,033)	\$	(5,030)
Reconciliation of Unrestricted and Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Unrestricted	_\$_	22,981	\$	169,799
Total Unrestricted and Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	22,981	\$	169,799

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

## COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS DEVELOPMENT AGENCY NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH SUMMARIZED COMPARATIVE 2018 INFORMATION

#### NOTE A - ORGANIZATION

The County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency was created in 1971 by the Cattaraugus County Legislature under the provisions of Chapter 536 of the laws of New York State for the purpose of encouraging economic growth in Cattaraugus County. The Agency is a component unit of Cattaraugus County, based on several criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 39 of the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14 and GASB Statement No 61 – *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. The County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency is exempt from federal, state, and local income taxes.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies are described below to enhance the usefulness of the financial statements to the reader.

The basic financial statements of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) that provide for proprietary fund accounting for Industrial Development Agencies. Management must make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. These estimates and accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles and have been consistently applied in the preparation of the financial statements. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

#### **Financial Reporting Entity**

The financial reporting entity consists of the following, as defined by GASB Statement 39 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units, an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14, and GASB Statement No 61 – The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus:

- 1. The primary government, which is the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency;
- 2. Organizations and programs for which the Agency is financially accountable;
- 3. Other organizations and programs of which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government is such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The decision to include a potential component unit in the Agency's reporting entity is based on several criteria set forth in GASB 39 and 61, including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, all activities and functions performed for the Agency are its direct responsibility.

In May 2009, the Agency formed and incorporated a Capital Resource Corporation "CRC," which is a legally formed entity that has the ability to issue tax-exempt bonds to 501 (c) (3)

entities. As set forth by the provisions of GASB 39 and 61, the activity of the CRC has been included in these financial statements.

#### **Governmentwide Financial Statements**

The governmentwide financial statements of the Agency include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements report financial information for the Agency as a whole. The statements highlight business-type activities that are generally financed in whole or in part with fees charged to customers.

The statement of activities reports the change in the Agency's net position during the year, segregating the operating and nonoperating activities of the Agency.

Program revenue includes charges for services that report fees and other charges to users of the Agency's services. Program revenue may also include operating grants and contributions that finance annual operating activities including investment income earned by the Agency. These revenues are subject to externally imposed restrictions to these program uses.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statements of the Agency are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Agency's reporting entity applies all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements. The governmentwide proprietary fund financial statements apply GASB Statement No 62 – Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance contained in pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

The governmentwide statements of the Agency report using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting applicable to proprietary fund accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating income reported in the Agency statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the Agency. Principal operating revenues for proprietary funds are charges to customers for services provided. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as nonoperating in the financial statements.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Agency's policy to use restricted resources first, for authorized expenditures, then unrestricted resources as needed.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and those differences could be significant.

#### **Budgetary Policy and Practice**

The Agency submits an annual budget to the Cattaraugus County Legislature. The county then has thirty days to submit its comments regarding the Agency's annual budget. Once approved, the Agency may amend the adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations.

#### **Budgetary Control**

The Agency's budget is prepared on a detailed line item basis. Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by functional purpose.

#### **Accounts Receivable and Prepaid Expenses**

The Agency had an accounts receivable balance of \$57,763 at December 31, 2019.

During the year ended December 31, 2016, the Agency entered into an agreement to rent office space from the Olean Business Development Corporation in Olean New York. The Agency prepaid \$15,000 for the Olean rental during the 2016. \$4,350 was expensed in 2019 for one year of rent on this office space.

#### **Grant Accounting**

Pass-through grants are recorded as accounts receivable and unearned revenue upon award; revenue is recognized as the Agency meets the performance requirements of the grant.

#### NOTE C - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At December 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the Agency's current deposits included demand deposits, savings accounts, and cash on hand and totaled \$192,780.

Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various certificates of deposit totaling \$617,974, which have original maturity terms in excess of three months and interest rates varying from 1.05 to 2.25 percent. As of December 31, 2019, the fair value of the certificates of deposit approximates the carrying values. For purposes of cash flows, cash equivalents are certificates of deposit with original maturities of three months or less. The Agency also invested excess cash in a brokerage account with Keybanc Capital Markets. The fair value at December 31, 2019 of this account was \$102,945 which was invested in U.S. Treasury Notes and a cash money market account.

The Agency's investment policies are governed by state statutes. In addition, the Agency has its own investment policy. Agency funds must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. The executive director is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, obligations of New York State and its localities, and with permission of the state comptroller, obligations including revenue anticipation notes and tax anticipation notes of any municipality, school district, or municipal entity other than Cattaraugus County. Only reserve funds may be invested in obligations of Cattaraugus County.

Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance. The table presented below is designed to disclose the level of custody credit risk assumed by the Agency based upon how its deposits were

insured or secured with collateral at December 31, 2019. The categories of credit risk are defined as follows:

<u>Category 1</u> - Insured by the FDIC or collateralized with securities held by the Agency or by its agent in the Agency's name.

<u>Category 2</u> - Uninsured but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the Agency's name.

Category 3 - Uninsured and uncollateralized.

		Custody Credit Risk Category						
Type of Deposit		otal Bank Balance	1	;	2	3	}	Total Carrying Value
Interest Bearing	\$	812,869	812,869		_	-		810,634
Cash on Hand			-		-		-	120
Keybanc Investments		102,945	102,945		_			102,945
Total Deposits	\$	915,814	\$ 915,814	\$	_	\$,		913,699
Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position:								
Unrestricted Cash and C	ash	Equivalents					\$	192,780
Investments								720,919
Total							\$	913,699

#### NOTE D - INTEREST RECEIVABLE

As of December 31, 2019, there was no interest receivable.

#### NOTE E - CAPITAL ASSETS

Property and equipment acquired by the Agency is stated at cost including interest capitalized during construction where applicable. Contributed assets are recorded at fair market value at the date received and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Infrastructure consisting of certain improvements other than buildings, such as roads, sidewalks, and railroads, is being capitalized and depreciated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets, ranging from 5 to 20 years as follows:

	Estimated	Capitalization
	Useful Lives	Threshold
Improvements and Infrastructure	20 years	\$500
Furniture and Fixtures	5 years	\$500
Equipment	5 years	\$500

A summary of the Agency's capital assets is as follows:

	Balance at 12/31/2018		Additions	Deletions	Balance at 12/31/2019
Nondepreciable:					
Land	\$	149,299	-	-	149,299
Depreciable:					
Improvements		929,373	-	-	929,373
Furniture and Equipment		38,424			38,424
Subtotal		1,117,096	-	-	1,117,096
Accumulated Depreciation		(867,565)	(1,092)		(868,657)
Total	\$	249,531	(1,092)	-	248,439

Depreciation expense of \$1,092 for the year ended December 31, 2019, has not been allocated to an expense function. Amounts representing railroad line improvements have been depreciated to salvage value which will be reviewed periodically for reasonableness.

#### NOTE F - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND OTHER LIABILITIES

The Agency reported no accounts payable at year end.

There was \$4,053 in payroll and \$1,881 in payroll related liabilities requiring accrual at December 31, 2019.

#### NOTE G - LONG TERM LIABILITIES

#### **Notes Payable**

As of December 31, 2019, the Agency did not have any notes payable.

#### **Compensated Absences**

The Agency's personnel policy provides for vacation and sick leave benefits. Vacation benefits can accumulate up to a total of 20 days. Upon separation from the Agency for any reason, any unused vacation credits are paid at the current salary of the position. Sick leave is not payable upon retirement or termination of the employee. There was no material liability for compensated absences at December 31, 2019. Based on Agency policy, there is no required reporting under the provisions of GASB 75 – Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

#### NOTE H - INDUSTRIAL REVENUE BOND AND NOTE TRANSACTIONS

Certain industrial development revenue bonds and notes issued by the Agency are secured by property that is leased or transferred to companies and is retired by lease or note payments. The bonds and notes are not obligations of the Agency or the State of New York. The Agency does not record the assets or liabilities resulting from completed bond and note issues on its accounts since its primary function is to arrange the financing between the borrowing companies and the bond and note holders. The funds that arise from these transactions are controlled by trustees or banks acting as fiscal agents. For providing this service, the Agency receives bond administration fees from borrowing companies. Such administrative fee income

is recognized immediately upon issuance of the bonds and notes. A schedule of these transactions is presented as supplemental information in this report.

#### NOTE I - RAILROAD ACQUISITIONS AND IMPROVEMENTS

In 1978, the Agency purchased 19.35 miles of spur railroad lines from the Erie-Lackawanna Railroad. The acquisition was financed with grants from the Appalachian Regional Commission and Cattaraugus County, with the commission providing 80 percent of the funding and the County providing the balance. Phase two of the Appalachian Regional Commission grant agreement was started during the year ended December 31, 1980, with funding provided by both the commission and the County at 80 percent and 20 percent respectively. In 1982, a railroad line was purchased under phase three of the grant agreement. As with phases one and two, the commission and the County provided 80 percent and 20 percent of the funding, respectively. In the year ended December 31, 2001, the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency donated 12 miles of track line to the Cattaraugus Local Development Corporation for a rails-to-trails program. The Agency now owns roughly 35 miles of track line.

Under the grant agreements, the Agency acts as an independent contractor, assuming responsibility for the conduct of the program. The Agency has an agreement with a privately owned corporation for the operation of the railroad.

#### NOTE J - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss such as torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors, omissions, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Any settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past four years. In management's opinion, there are no material contingencies required to be accrued or disclosed.

#### NOTE K - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

The Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources which represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The Agency has a pension related item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This represents the effect of the change in the Agency's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the Agency's contributions and its proportionate share of total contribution to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

The Statement of Net Position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources which represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. This represents the effect of the net change in the Agency's proportion of the collective net pension liability or net pension asset, and the difference during the measurement periods between the Agency's contributions and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

#### NOTE L - PENSION PLAN

The Agency participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. This system is a cost-sharing multiple employer, public employee retirement system. The system offers a wide range of plans and benefits which are related to years of service and final average

salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death and disability. All full-time employees of the Agency are covered by the pension plan.

#### a. <u>Provisions and Administration</u>

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS) provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. New York State Retirement and Social Security Law govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. The system issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244.

#### b. Funding Policies

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. The Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31.

The Agency is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate by NYSERS. Contributions made to the system were equal to 100% of the contributions required for each year. Required contributions for the current year and two preceding years were:

	Amount				
2019	\$	22,438			
2018	\$	21,901			
2017	\$	21,594			

## c. <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Inflows of</u> Resources Related to Pension

At December 31, , the Agency reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the System. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, . The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The Agency's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Agency's long-term share of contributions to the System relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the NYSLRS in a report provided to the Agency.

	NYSLRS
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 1, 2018
Net Pension Liability	48,470
Agency's Portion of the Plan's total	
Net Pension Liability	0.0006841%

For the year ended December 31, 2019 the Agency recognized pension expense of \$24,576 for NYSLRS. At December 31, 2019, the Agency reported deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan from the following sources:

NYSLRS Deferred Outflows of Resources	2019	2018
Differences between expected and		
actual experience	\$ 9,545	8,123
Changes of Assumptions	12,183	15,101
Net difference between projected and		
actual earnings on pension investments	-	33,077
Agency's contributions subsequent		
to the measurement date	22,438	21,901
Total	\$ 44,166	78,202

Agency contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending:	•
March 31,:	NYSLRS
2020	4,448
2021	(13,721)
2022	(3,447)
2023	5,319

#### d. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following significant actuarial assumptions:

	NYSLRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2019
Actuarial Valuation Date	April 1, 2018
Interest Rate	7.00%
Salary Scale	4.20%
Decrement Tables	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 ERS' Experience
Inflation Rate	2.50%

The annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2011 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2005 – March 31, 2010

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each of the target asset allocation percentages and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	Expected Rate	Target Asset
Measurement Date: March 31, 2019	of Return	Allocation
Asset Type: Domestic Equity International Equity Real Estate Absolute Return Strategy Investment Opportunistic Funds	4.55% 6.35% 5.55% 3.75% 5.68%	36.00% 14.00% 10.00% 2.00% 3.00%
Real Assets	5.29%	3.00%
Private Equity	7.50%	10.00%
Bonds and Mortgages	1.31%	17.00%
Cash	-0.25%	1.00%
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.25%	4.00%
		100%

#### e. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## f. <u>Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate</u> Assumption

The following presents the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0% as well as what the Agency's proportionate share of the net pension asset/liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.0%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.0%) than the current rate:

		NYSLRS	
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease 6.00%	Assumption 7.00%	Increase 8.00%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 211,920	48,470	(88,839)

#### g. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued NYSLRS financial reports.

#### h. Payables to the Pension Plan

Employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of December 31, 2019, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019, based on paid NYSLRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. At December 31, 2019, the Agency did not report a payable to the pension plan.

#### NOTE M - RESTRICTIONS, RESERVES AND DESIGNATIONS

The business-type activities utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net Investment In Capital Assets - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets, reduce the balance in this category.

**Restricted** - This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted** - This category represents the net position of the Agency not restricted for any project or other purpose.

#### NOTE N - NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Agency has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At December 31, 2019, the Agency implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB Statement No. 83 – "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." Effective for the year ended December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 84 – "Fiduciary Activities." Effective for the year ended December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 88 – "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." Effective for the year ended December 31, 2019.

GASB Statement No. 90 – "Majority Equity Interests – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61." Effective for the year ended December 31, 2019.

#### NOTE O - ACCOUNTING STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

GASB Statement No. 87 – "Leases." Effective for the year ending December 31, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 89 – "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." Effective for the year ending December 31, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 91 – "Conduit Debt Obligations." Effective for the year ending December 31, 2021.

GASB Statement No. 92 - "Omnibus 2020." Effective for the year ending December 31, 2021.

The Agency will evaluate the impact each may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

#### NOTE P - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through March 13, 2020, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH PRIOR YEARS INFORMATION

	2019	2018	2017	2016
NYSLRS Pension Plan Agency's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0006841%	0.0007056%	0.0007131%	0.0007382%
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 48,470	\$ 22,774	\$ 67,000	\$ 118,480
Agency's covered-employee payroll	\$ 148,003	\$ 143,813	\$ 140,006	\$ 137,781
Agency's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	32.75%	15.84%	47.86%	85.99%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	96.3%	98.2%	94.7%	90.7%

Ten years of historical information is not yet available. A year will be added each year until ten years are presented.

The accompanying independent auditors' report should be read in conjunction with these financial statements

# COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF AGENCY CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019 WITH PRIOR YEARS INFORMATION

	2019	2018		2017	2016
NYSLRS Pension Plan					
Statutorily Required Contributions	\$ 22,438	\$ 21,901	\$	21,594	\$ 20,971
Contributions In Relation To Statutorily Required Contributions	 22,438	 21,901		21,594	20,971
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ pia.	\$ -	\$		\$ · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	148,003	\$ 143,813	\$	140,006	\$ 137,781
Contributions As A Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	15,16%	15.23%	,	15.42%	15.22%

Ten years of historical information is not yet available. A year will be added each year until ten years are presented. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY
SCHEDULE OF BONDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Project Name	Project No.	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance at 12/31/2018	Issued During Fiscal Year	Paid During Fiscal Year	Balance at 12/31/2019
CCIDA: Cattaraugus County Rehab Parent Education Program St. Bonaventure University	401-0004A 401-0203A 401-9902A	10/03 12/02 5/99	Variable 4.75 5.45	6/24 12/22 9/19	635,524 102,419 185,000	1 1 1	106,543 24,404 185,000	528,981 78,015
CRC: Olean General Hospital Olean YMCA St. Bonaventure University St. Bonaventure University Jamestown Community College	401-0906A 401-0301A 401-1401A 401-2006A 401-9903A	10/10 6/11 5/14 5/16 6/18	2.5 4.75 Variable Variable	10/30 5/21 5/44 5/36 6/38	9,125,000 3,189,178 9,250,000 5,290,000 15,740,210	1 1 1 1 1	1,200,000 193,169 190,000 295,000 488,101	7,925,000 2,996,009 9,060,000 4,995,000 15,252,109

The accompanying independent auditors' report should be read in conjunction with these financial statements.

#### COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SCHEDULE OF LEASES ENTERED INTO FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Name of Project:

Win-Sum Ski Corporation

Project Owner and Address:

Win-Sum Ski Corporation

PO Box 370, Holiday Valley Road

Ellicottville, NY 14731

Amount of Tax Exemption:

\$217,200

Name of Project:

Holimont, Inc.

Project Owner and Address:

Holimont, Inc.

6921 Route 242

Ellicottville, NY 14731

Amount of Tax Exemption:

\$75,840

## COUNTY OF CATTARAUGUS INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SCHEDULE OF ENTITIES ENTERED INTO PAYMENTS IN LIEU OF TAXES PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

Name of Project:

West Valley Solar LLC

Project Owner and Address:

West Valley Solar LLC

400 Market Industrial Park, Suite 32

Wappingers Falls, NY 12590

Year of Origination:

2019

Name of Project:

North Delaware Holdings LLC/Stillhouse of Buffalo, LLC

Project Owner and Address:

North Delaware Holdings LLC/Stillhouse of Buffalo, LLC

6600 Route 219

Ellicottville, NY 14731

Year of Origination:

2019

Name of Project:

Homeridae LLC

Project Owner and Address:

Homeridae LLC

47 South Hamilton Street Poughkeepsie, NY 12601

Year of Origination:

2019

Name of Project:

HK Olean Hotel, LLC

Project Owner and Address:

HK Olean Hotel, LLC 617 Dingens Street

Buffalo, NY 14206

Year of Origination:

2019

INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency Ellicottville, New York 14731

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 13, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Cattaraugus Industrial Development Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Johnson, Mackowiak & Cissociata, LLP

Johnson, Mackowiak & Associates, LLP

Fredonia, New York March 13, 2020